

MEETING #3

HADAMARD GATE:

$$H = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \in O(2) \subseteq U(2)$$

$$|0\rangle \leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|1\rangle \leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$|0\rangle, |1\rangle$

$$H|0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) =: |+\rangle$$

$$H|1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle - |1\rangle) =: |-\rangle$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X|\pm\rangle = \pm| \pm \rangle$$

$$\mathbb{H}_n = \underbrace{\mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \dots \otimes \mathbb{C}^2}_{n\text{-FOLD}}$$

$$|x\rangle = |x_0\rangle \otimes |x_1\rangle \otimes \dots \otimes |x_{n-1}\rangle$$

$$x \in \mathbb{F}_2^n$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} n=3 \\ x = (1, 0, 1) \\ |x\rangle = |1\rangle \otimes |0\rangle \otimes |1\rangle \end{array} \right)$$

$$|S\rangle := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^n}} \sum_{x \in \mathbb{F}_2^n} |x\rangle$$

① $\mathbb{P}(\text{MEASURING } x \text{ in } |S\rangle) = \frac{1}{2^n}$

② $|S\rangle = H^{\otimes n} |0\rangle = (H \otimes H \otimes \dots \otimes H) (|0\rangle \otimes |0\rangle \otimes \dots \otimes |0\rangle)$

$$= (H|0\rangle) \otimes H|0\rangle \dots$$

$$= |+\rangle \otimes |+\rangle \otimes \dots \otimes |+\rangle$$

ORACLES / Q UERIES :

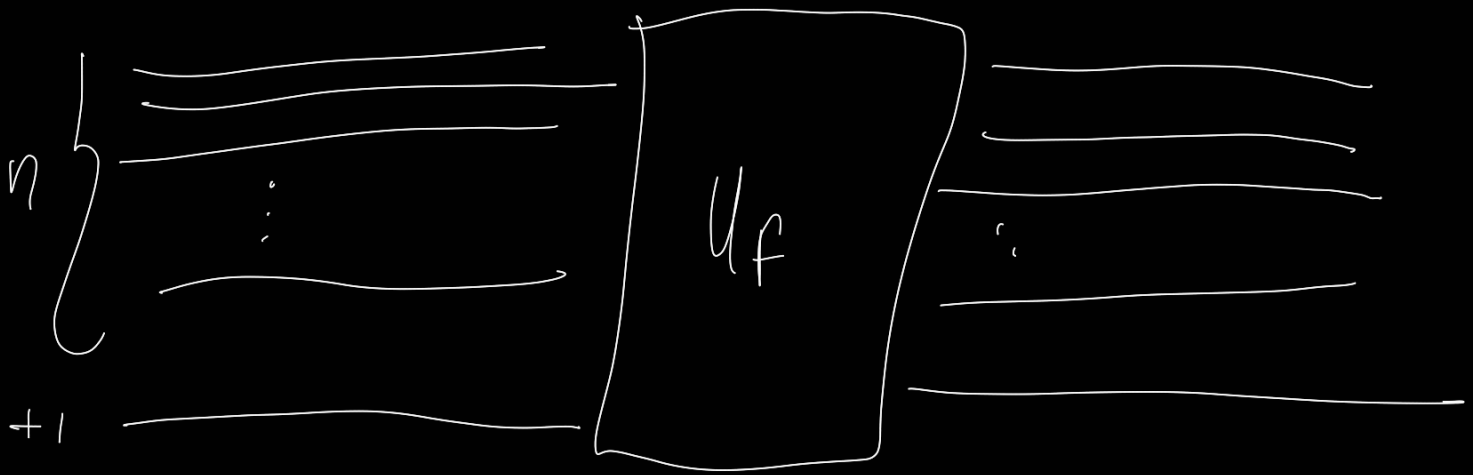
ORACLE: "BLACK BOX"
 QUANTUM CIRCUIT

EX $f: \mathbb{F}_2^n \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_2$

$n=3$ $f(x_0, x_1, x_2) = y \in \{0, 1\}$

$\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$
 $\{0, 1\}$

TIME \rightarrow



$$U_f |x\rangle |y\rangle := |x\rangle |y \oplus f(x)\rangle$$

$x \in \mathbb{F}_2^n$ $y \in \mathbb{F}_2$ \uparrow MOD 2

 QUERY (COMPLEXITY)

GIVEN AN Q-ALGO, ψ /
AN ORACLE \mathcal{U}

QUERY-COMPLEXITY = # OF
TIMES
 \mathcal{U} NEEDS
TO RUN

DEUTSCH-FOZSA :

$f: \mathbb{F}_2^n \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_2$ & I HAVE ACCES
TO \mathcal{U}_f

& f IS PROMISED TO

BE EITHER!

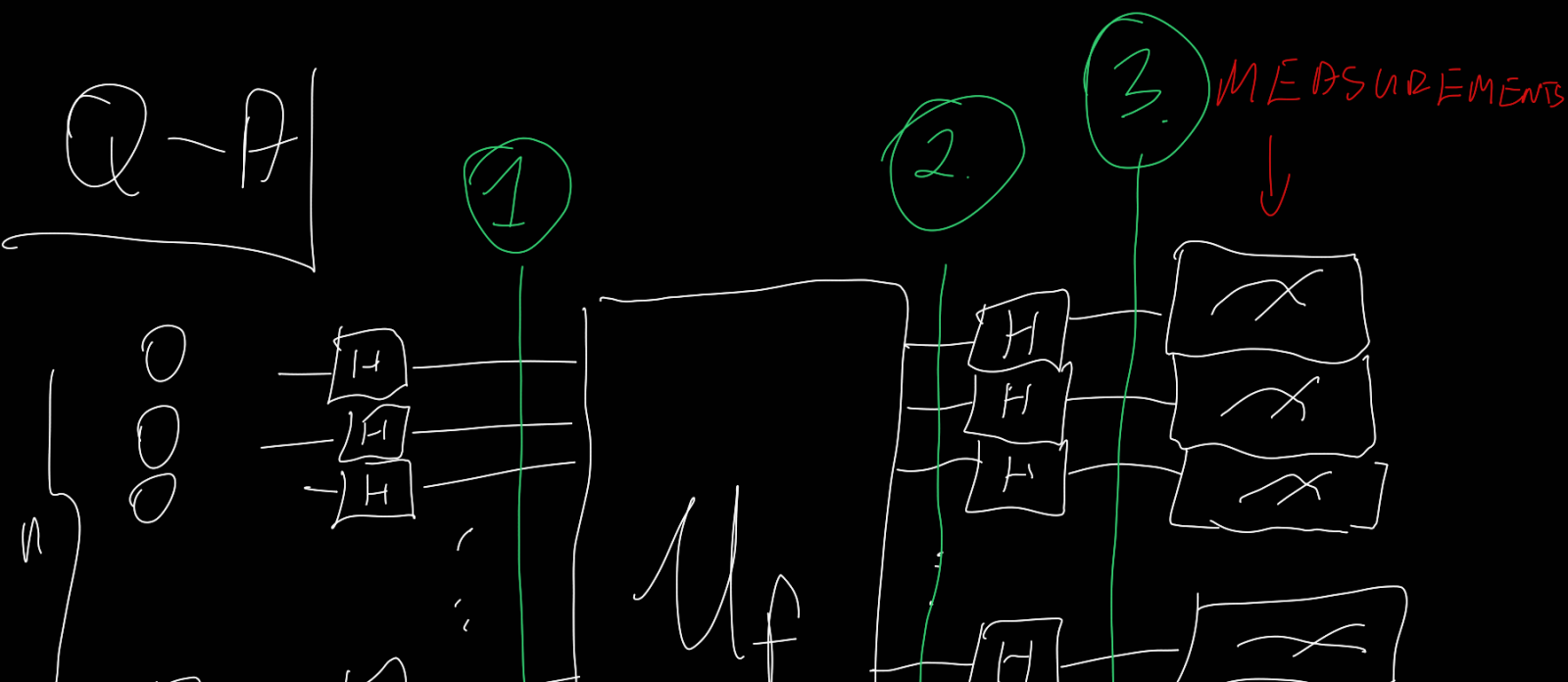
(I) CONSTANT

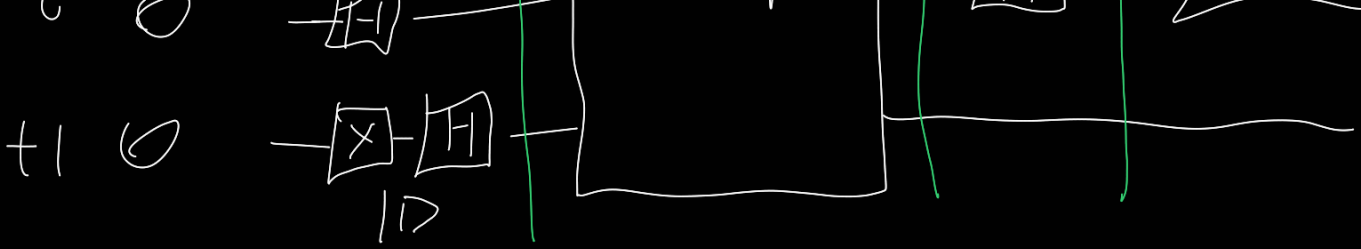
(II) "BALANCED"

$$|f^{-1}(0)| = |f^{-1}(1)| = 2^{n-1}$$

Q] is f TYPE I OR II?

Q-A] CLASSICALLY NEED
TO CHECK $f(x)$ FOR
 $2^{n-1} + 1$ VALUES OF $x \in \mathbb{F}_2^n$





CLAIM: YOU MEASURE $\underbrace{00\dots 0}_n$
 IF & ONLY IF f IS CONSTANT!

QUERY - COMP = $\Theta(1)$

PROOF:

AT 1.

$$|0\rangle_n |0\rangle \rightarrow |s\rangle_n |-\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^n}} \sum_{x \in \mathbb{F}_2^n} |x\rangle |-\rangle$$

AT 2.

$$U_f \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^n}} \sum_{x \in \mathbb{F}_2^n} (U_f |x\rangle) |-\rangle =$$

$|x\rangle |-\rangle \quad f(x) = 0$

$|x\rangle |-\rangle \quad f(x) = 1$

$$(-1)^{f(x)} |x\rangle \rightarrow$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^n}} \sum_{x \in \mathbb{F}_2^n} (-1)^{f(x)} |x\rangle \rightarrow$$

$$H^{\otimes n} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2^n} \sum_{x, y \in \mathbb{F}_2^n} (-1)^{x \odot y + f(x)} |y\rangle \rightarrow$$

HW

$$H^{\otimes n} |x\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^n}} \sum_{y \in \mathbb{F}_2^n} (-1)^{x \odot y} |y\rangle$$

$$x \odot y = \sum_{a=0}^{n-1} x_a y_a \pmod{2}$$

FINAL STATE:

$$|\psi\rangle = \frac{1}{2^n} \sum_{x, y \in \mathbb{F}_2^n} (-1)^{x \odot y + f(x)} |y\rangle$$

① $f(x) = \text{CONST} = z \in \{0, 1\}$

$$|\psi\rangle = \frac{(-1)^z}{2^n} \sum_{x, y} (-1)^{x \odot y} |y\rangle$$

$$P(\text{MEASURE IN } \overbrace{0 \dots 0}^y) =$$

$$\left| \frac{(-1)^z}{2^n} \sum_{x \in \mathbb{F}_2^n} (-1)^{x \odot 0} \right|^2 = 1$$

$$(y = 0)$$



$$P(\dots) =$$

$$= \left| \frac{1}{2^n} \sum_{x \in \mathbb{F}_2^n} (-1)^{f(x)} \right|^2 = 0$$

f IS BALANCED

